Berufsmaturitätsschulen des Kantons Aargau

# Aufnahmeprüfung Juni 2019 Englisch

Kandidaten – Nr.:				
Name:				
Vorname:				
Geburtsdatum:	/			
A Reading Compre	ehension, Vocabulary (~ 20 min)			
B Grammar, Struct	rures (~ 10 min)			
C Writing (~ 15 min)	/ 10			
Points:/ 40				
Mark:				
Examiner:	Co-Examiner:			

#### Allgemeine Hinweise:

- Dauer der Prüfung: **45 Minuten**
- Erlaubte Hilfsmittel: Keine
- Die Lösungen sind direkt auf die Aufgabenblätter zu schreiben.
- Die Reihenfolge der Aufgaben kann frei gewählt werden.
- Keine Abkürzungen, unleserliche oder zweideutige Lösungen gelten als falsch.

- Die Aufgaben A2, B1 und B2 werden mit 1/2 Punkt pro richtige Lösung bewertet.
- Die Aufgaben A1, B3 und B4 werden mit 1 Punkt pro richtige Lösung bewertet.
- Die Aufgabe C1 wird mit *halben* oder *ganzen* Punkten bewertet (s. hinten)

# A Reading Comprehension and Vocabulary

..... / 8 points

1. First read the text below carefully. Are the following statements (a.-h.) true or false? Put a cross (X) into the correct box.

#### Pupils react to French phone ban

		true	false
a.	Mobile phones have been banned in all schools in France.		X
	→ only middle schools		
b.	The Claude Debussy School prepared its pupils by forbidding mobile phones for		X
	one day → one day per week		
C.	The response of the students of the Claude Debussy School was surprisingly	Х	
	positive. $\rightarrow$ majority was surprised to find out it didn't bother them that much		
d.	The teachers get the impression that students are more focused when the class	Х	
	starts. $\rightarrow$ students seemed to show a readiness to learn at the beginning of the lesson		
e.	Pupils cannot use their mobile phones in the classroom at all.		X
	$\rightarrow$ it's okay to use them for teaching purposes		
f.	According to the education minister, phone addiction receives too much public	X	
	attention. $\rightarrow$ there are other serious problems too (job cuts, class sizes, etc.)		
g.	The Parisian teacher believes pupils cannot concentrate anymore.		X
-	$\rightarrow$ she didn't say that; it was mentioned by the girl.		
h.	One of the students thinks that mobile phones are not as bad as adults believe.	X	
	$\rightarrow$ It's not true that they can't socialize or concentrate; phones add to their conversations		

#### 

a.	various (lines 1-11)	several
b.	reduce the amount of something harmful (1.1-11)	detox
c.	pick up <i>(l. 12-25)</i>	grab
d.	understanding for other people (I. 12-25)	empathy
e.	ground (l. 26-37)	premises
f.	reduction (1. 26-37)	cut
g.	protest (l. 38-48)	complain
h.	pity (l. 38-48)	shame

# **B** Grammar and Structures

1.	Choose the corre	ct answer.		/ 6 points
a.	Ostriches are birds b	out they		
	□ are flying	□ fly	□ aren't flying	🗵 don't fly
b.	When Michael was a	boy, he often	fishing with I	nis father.
	□ had gone	□ has gone	🗵 went	□ was going
C.	Can you tell me	students pa	articipated in the fund	draising event?
	□ a few	□ how much	how many	□ a lot of
d.	George	attend the meeting,	, but his car broke do	own on the way.
	□ has gone to	$\Box$ is going to	□ used to	🗵 was going to
e.	Brody plays the pian	o very		
	□ good	□ bad	⊠ well	□ fastly
f.	l enjoy	bar of chocolate no	w and then.	
	☑ eating a	□ to eat some	□ to eat a	□ eating some
g.	Fortunately, our trip	was tha	an we thought it wou	ld be.
	□ as expensive	Iess expensive	□ little expensive	□ more expensive
h.	Robert thinks he	in the lotte	ery tonight.	
	$\Box$ is winning	🗵 will win	$\Box$ is going to win	□ wins
i.	While he	the attic, Jim cam	e across some old pl	hotos.
	□ cleaned	🗵 was cleaning	□ is cleaning	□ cleans
j.	By the time Jason ar	rived at the station, the	e train	
	had already left	□ is already leaving	□ has already left	□ was going
k.	His new novel is goir	ng to no	ext month.	
	E be published	□ publish	□ published	□ have published
I.	If you press that butt	on, the machine		
	□ stopped	□ didn't stop	🗵 stops	□ would have stopped

#### 2. Fill in the correct verb forms.

#### ..... / 8 points

#### The robbery

It was 40 degrees in the shade on a very hot Thursday afternoon. A man was wearing a heavy army jacket, a pullover wool cap, jeans and dark sunglasses when he walked into Fox River Bank.

After entering the bank, the man walked up to the teller and held up a gun he had/'d bought from a friend the day before. When the people in the bank saw the gun, they understood that trouble was coming their way. Suddenly, the robber pointed the gun at the teller in order to make her frightened. She was so afraid that she did whatever he told her to do. While everyone in the lobby was screaming, the security guard tried to make them silent but everyone was running towards the door. The robber shouted: "Recently, I have lost a lot of money gambling in Las Vegas and I don't have anything to lose anymore. I will/'ll shoot immediately if you want to stop me!" Nervously, the teller said: "Please, don't hurt me. I am/m going to get/am/m getting married soon and I don't want to risk anything. I promise I will/'ll give you all the cash we have." Then she handed the man three big bags which were full of money. He took the money and walked out the door. Luckily, nobody was injured.

Ten minutes later, the police arrived at the bank, but of course, the robber had/'d disappeared. He was travelling to Las Vegas to spend the money.

# 3. Make questions about the <u>underlined</u> words. Examples: I'm working <u>from 8 am. to 5 pm</u>. → When are The girls are shocked about the robbery. → Why are the girls are shocked about t

- a. The robber pointed the gun at <u>the teller</u>.
  Who did the robber point the gun at?
- b. He has had <u>a lot of trouble</u> lately.What has he had lately?

### 4. Make negative sentences.

- **Examples:** She is very good at English. There have been lots of robberies.
- a. The robber often travels to Las Vegas.

The robber doesn't often travel to Las Vegas.

b. Maybe he will get away with his robbery.

Maybe he won't/will not get away with his robbery.

# Korrekturhinweise für Exercises 3 und 4

1/2 points: spelling word order

0 points for grammar mistakes / wrong verb forms / wrong question word: She didn't <u>completly</u> understand... She <u>completely</u> didn't understand...

<u>Which</u> is the whole story about? <u>About</u> what is the whole story? Where <u>is</u> he never been? She didn't completely <u>understood</u>... She <u>doesn't</u> completely understand... etc.

- $\rightarrow$  She isn't very good at English.
- $\rightarrow$  There haven't been lots of robberies.

When are you working? Why are the girls shocked?

..... / 2 points

..... / 2 points

# C Writing

1. Choose <u>one</u> of the following two subjects and write a text:

a. A month without my smartphone.

b. Do smartphones make our life easier or more complicated?

- Write between 80-100 words.
- Use different adverbs (always, never, sometimes, etc) and conjunctions (because, etc) to structure your text.

language, vocabulary ....../ 5 points

content, structure ...... / 5 points

- Die folgenden Lösungen sind mögliche Musterlösungen.
- Folgende Fragenstellungen können bei der Bewertung helfen. Die konkrete Punktevergabe liegt im Ermessen der/des Korrigierenden.
- *Sprachnote*: Sind verschiedene Verben gebraucht? Gibt es sprachliche Wiederholungen? Wie korrekt bzw. wie verständlich sind die einzelnen Aussagen?
- Inhaltsnote: Gibt es inhaltliche Wiederholungen? Wie originell ist der Text? Gibt es eigenständige Aussagen? Sind die einzelnen Aussagen verknüpft oder nur aufgezählt?
- Rechnet man zur jeweiligen Punktzahl +1, so erhält man zum Vergleich eine *lineare Note* für diesen Teilbereich (z.B. 4.5 Punkte = Note 5.5; 3 Punkte = Note 4; 2.5 Punkte = Note 3.5, etc.)
- Wird ein Text inhaltlich oder sprachlich als *ungenügend* erachtet, so dürfen folgerichtig im jeweiligen Teilbereich *höchstens 2.5 Punkte* (oder weniger) resultieren.

#### a) Sample answer

Living without my smartphone for a month wouldn't be such a big issue for me. I rarely use it anyway, so I wouldn't really bother that much. Of course, I would miss texting my friends every now and again, but I believe that I would organize myself differently. Probably, I would fix appointments with my friends at school rather than from home. I might also use our landline phone a bit more again to get in touch with them. In general, I believe that I would be able to cope without my smartphone quite well for such a limited period. (100 words)

#### b) Sample answer

A smartphone has got lots of advantages. You can contact your friends whenever you want and ask them for help. In addition, it is very useful because it always shows us the latest news or offers information we need for school.

But there are also some problems with smartphones. It's hard to concentrate on a task if your friends text you all the time. Another downside is that we talk less and just hang out with our smartphone instead.

If you have a little bit of self-discipline and limit your use of apps, I believe the smartphone makes life easier.

(100 words)

# Notenskala

Punkte			Note
37.5	-	40	6
33.5	-	37	5.5
29.5	-	33	5
25.5	-	29	4.5
21.5	-	25	4
17.5	-	21	3.5
13.5	-	17	3
9.5	-	13	2.5
5.5	-	9	2
1.5	-	5	1.5
0	-	1	1